

# Building Cisco Multilayer Switched Networks

## Course Outline

1. Overview of a Campus Network
  - Campus Network Overview
  - Traditional Campus Networks
  - Current Campus Networks
  - The Emerging Campus Network
  - Switching Technologies
  - Basic Layer Terminology
  - Layer 2 Switching
  - Benefits of Routing
  - Layer 3 Switching
  - Layer 4 Switching
  - Multilayer Switching
  - The Hierarchical Model
  - Access Layer
  - Distribution Layer
  - Core Layer
  - Choosing a Cisco Product
  - The Building Block Approach
  - The Switch Block
  
2. Connecting the Switch Block
  - Cable Media Types
  - Ethernet
  - Fast Ethernet
  - Gigabit Ethernet
  - Subscribing Links
  - Cabling Switch Block Devices
  - Connecting to the Console Port
  - Connecting to an Ethernet Port
  - Configuring Connectivity Within the Switch Block
  
3. Defining Common Workgroups
  - VLANs
  - Introduction to VLANs
  - Defining VLAN Boundaries
  - End-to-End VLANs
  - Local VLANs
  - Establishing VLAN Memberships
  - Membership by Ports
  - Configuring VLANs
  - Verifying VLAN Configuration
  - VLAN Identification
  - Link Types
  - ISL
  - IEEE 802.1Q
  - Trunk Negotiation
  - Configuring a Trunk Link
  - Creating Trunk Links

- Clearing VLANs from Trunk Link
- Verifying Trunk Link Configuration
- VLAN Trunk Protocol (VTP)
- VTP Overview
- VTP Operation
- VTP Modes of Operation
- Adding a Switch into an Existing Domain
- VTP Advertisements
- VTP Configuration Revision Number
- VTP Configuration Tasks and Guidelines
- VTP Pruning
- VTP Pruning Overview
- Configuring VTP Pruning
- Verifying VTP Pruning Configuration
- Review Questions

#### 4. Managing Redundant Links

- Overview of Transparent Bridging
- Introduction to Spanning Tree
- Bridge Protocol Data Units
- Electing a Root Bridge
- Forming an Association with the Root Bridge
- Spanning Tree Port States
- Spanning Tree Timers
- Topology Changes
- Spanning Tree Example
- Enabling Spanning Tree
- VLANs and Spanning Tree
- Per VLAN Spanning Tree (PVST)
- Common Spanning Tree (CST)
- Per VLAN Spanning Tree+ (PVST+)
- Scaling Spanning Tree in the Campus Network
- Establishing the Root Bridge
- Determining the Best Loop-Free Path to the Root
- Modifying Port Cost
- Modifying Port Cost by VLAN
- Modifying Port Priority
- Modifying Port Priority by VLAN
- Modifying Spanning Tree Timers
- EtherChannel
- Implementing PortFast
- Configuring UplinkFast
- Configuring BackboneFast

#### 5. Inter-VLAN Routing

- Introduction to Inter-VLAN Routing
- Inter-VLAN Routing Issues
- Distribution Layer Topology
- Configuring Inter-VLAN Routing
- Loading and Accessing the Route Processor

6. Improving IP Routing Performance with Multilayer Switching
  - Multilayer2
  - Unsupported Topologies
  - Topology Changes and Routing Impacts

7. Configuring HSRP for Fault Tolerant Routing
  - HSRP Overview
  - Routing Issues in a Redundant Network
  - Utilizing HSRP to Resolve Issues in a Redundant Network
  - HSRP Groups
  - HSRP Operations
  - Configuring HSRP

8. Multicast Overview
  - Introduction to Multicast
  - Unicast Traffic
  - Broadcast Traffic
  - Multicast Traffic
  - IP Multicast Characteristics
  - Addressing in a Multicast Environment
  - IP Multicasting Address Structure
  - Mapping MAC Addresses to IP Multicast Addresses
  - Managing Multicast Traffic in a Campus Network
  - Subscribing and Maintaining Groups
  - IGMP v1
  - IGMP v2
  - Handling Multicast Traffic in a Switch
  - Routing Multicast Traffic
  - Routing Protocols
  - Distribution Trees
  - Multicast Routing Protocols

9. Configuring IP Multicast
  - Planning for Multicast
  - Planning for Multicast
  - Configuring IP Multicast Routing
  - Multicast Routing Protocol Types
  - Outgoing Interface Lists
  - Configuring Multicast Services
  - Configuring a PIM Interface
  - Selecting and Configuring a Designated Router
  - Choosing and Displaying a PIM Neighbor
  - Configuring a Rendezvous Point
  - Auto-RP
  - Defining the Scope of Delivery
  - Verifying Multicast Configuration
  - Enhancing the Route Processor
  - Joining a Multicast Group
  - Manipulating the IGMP Version

- Enabling CGMP
- Enable CGMP on the Router
- Enable CGMP on the Switch
- Enable CGMP Leave
- Verifying CGMP Configuration

#### 10. Controlling Access to the Campus Network

- Definition of an Access Policy
- What is an Access Policy?
- Policies in the Hierarchical Model
- Access Layer Policy
- Distribution Layer Policy
- Controlling Information with Filters
- Core Layer Policy
- Review Questions Hands-On Labs Hands-On Lab 1: Plug-and-Play Group switches into a switch block, reset all RSMs and switches, and establish IP connectivity between PCs.

#### Hands-On Lab 2: Basic Switch Configuration

Login and provide a base configuration for the Catalyst 1900's and Catalyst 5505 Supervisor III cards.

#### Hands-On Lab 3: Creating VLANs and Trunks

Create multiple VLANs and then trunk between switches. Hands-On Lab 4: Enabling VLAN Trunk Protocol (VTP) Explore the nuances of Cisco's VTP including the effect of different VTP modes, different domain names, and different domain revision numbers. Enable VTP pruning. Hands-On Lab 5: Configuration of Spanning Tree Parameters (STP) Explore the nuances of STP including establishing a root and secondary root bridge, load balancing across redundant links by VLAN, and enabling PortFast. Hands-On Lab 6: Configuration of Fast Etherchannel and UplinkFast Create Fast Etherchannel links between switches for improved performance. Enable UplinkFast to limit network downtime.

Hands-On Lab 7: Configuration of RSFC for Inter-VLAN Routing Configure a Route Switch Module (RSM) for basic Multilayer Switching. Hands-On Lab 8:

Multilayer Switching Basic Configuration Configure a RSM and Catalyst 5505 Supervisor III for basic Multilayer Switching.

Hands-On Lab 9: Multilayer Switching Advanced Configuration Modify Multilayer Switching performance by configuring standard and extended access lists. Modify MLS cache aging for short lived flows. Hands-On Lab 10:

Configuration of Hot Stand-By Routing Protocol (HSRP) Configure Cisco's Hot Stand-By Routing Protocol (HSRP) on 2 RSMs. This provides fault tolerance to end users in the event that a gateway router becomes inoperable. Hands-On Lab 11: Campus Architecture Configuration of the Core (Collapsed Core vs. Dual Core)

Configure and examine two different methods of building a campus backbone Core. Compare traffic convergence characteristics.

#### Hands-On Lab 12: Managing IP Multicast Streams

Send an IP multicast stream through the network to workstations. Enable CGMP, and configure both PIM Dense Mode and PIM Sparse Mode. Hands-On Lab 13: Configuration Management and Access Control Save and restore switch and router configurations from a TFTP server. Perform password recovery on a Catalyst 1900 and Catalyst Supervisor III. Enable privilege levels on the RSM to limit user control. Apply an access list to filter the advertisements of certain networks.

[Return to MOTEC Scheduled Classes](#)

